DM3410 INTELLIGENT TEMPERATURE INDICATOR



UK CE X Important - Read this document before installing.

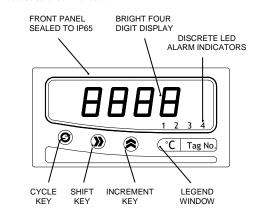


1.0 GENERAL

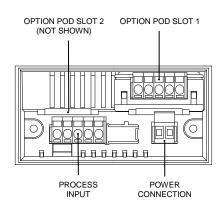
The unit is a highly accurate and stable digital temperature indicator that accepts all commonly used temperature sensors. The unit can be used "stand alone" or, with the Modbus serial communications pod option, as part of a larger system.

The case design enables option Pods to be easily installed without the need for dismantling or re-calibration. A range of Pods are available for:

- Relay outputs
- Isolated (4 to 20) mA re-transmission
- Modbus serial communication.



The diagram shows the rear panel positions for all electrical connections.



2.0 UNPACKING

Please inspect the instrument carefully for any signs of shipping damage. The packaging has been designed to afford maximum protection, however, we cannot guarantee that mishandling will not have damaged the instrument. In the case of this unlikely event, please contact your supplier immediately and retain the packaging for subsequent inspection.

3.0 INSTALLATION

THIS SECTION FOR USE BY COMPETENT PERSONNEL ONLY

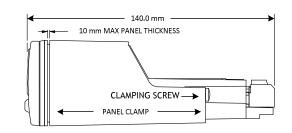
3.1 Safety Information

- WARNING READ SAFETY INFORMATION BELOW BEFORE INSTALLATION
 - WARNING Hazardous voltages may be present on the terminals the equipment must be installed by suitably qualified personnel and mounted in an enclosure providing protection to at least IP20.
- ISOLATION The power supply terminals and associated internal circuitry are isolated from all other parts of the equipment in accordance with BS EN61010-1 for connection to a Category II supply (pollution degree 2)

Functional isolation (500 V max) is provided between input and output circuits, and between inputs and communications (where fitted). Any terminals or wiring connected to the input, output or communications terminals which are accessible in normal operation must ONLY be connected to signals complying with the requirements for Safety extra low voltage (SELV) circuits.

- WARNING If not installed in accordance with these instructions, protection against electrical hazards may be impaired.
- Installation overvoltage category 2 (as per BS EN61010-1)
 The Mains supply to the equipment must be protected by an external 1 Amp fuse and a
- suitable switch or circuit breaker which should be near the equipment.
 The equipment contains no user serviceable parts.
- The equipment contains no user serviceable parts.

3.2 INSTALLING INTO A PANEL



Cutout (92.0 / 92.8 x 45.0 / 45.6) mm (DIN43700)

Refer to section 8.0 for Mechanical Detail.

The maximum panel thickness is 10 mm. The instrument case has an integral gasket which forms a seal when the instrument is tightened against the panel. The panel should be clean, smooth and at least 1.6 mm thick for the seal to be effective.

WARNING Use only the retaining screws provided to clamp the instrument to the panel (screws must be tightened sufficiently to effect a seal but **must never be overtightened**).

3.3 WIRING

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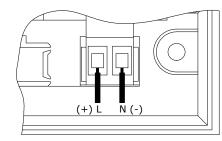
All connections are made to sockets which are removable for ease of maintenance

Installation should be undertaken in accordance with relevant sections of BS6739 - British Standards code of practice for "Instrumentation in Process Control Systems: Installation design and practice".

3.4 POWER SUPPLY

The Power supply rating will be indicated on the top of the instrument, **ensure it is correct for the application.**

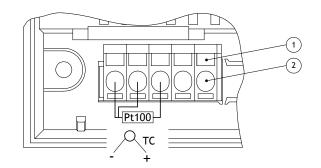
The Mains supply to the equipment must be protected by an external 1 Amp fuse and a suitable switch or circuit breaker which should be near the equipment.



Wires are retained by screws. Ensure that the exposed section of the wire is fully inserted and that no loose strands are exposed.

3.5 SENSOR CONNECTIONS

All sensor connections are made via the five way "fast wiring" socket at the rear of the unit. Wire size (0.5 to 1.5) mm².



To make a connection: Insert small screwdriver blade into tension clamp orifice, (1) push and twist to deflect clamp into open position. Do not lever screwdriver thus forcing connector body sideways. Insert conductor tail sufficiently into (2) then release screwdriver. Ensure no loose wire strands protrude.

4.0 PROGRAMMING THE INSTRUMENT

The unit is a microprocessor based instrument enabling it to satisfy a variety of applications. All programming is available from the front panel or via a PC using the RS485 Modbus communications pod.

4.1 Programming Guide

The unit has three operating modes. These are :-

- RUN (DISPLAYS PROCESS VARIABLE)
- MENU
- EDIT

 ${\rm RUN}$ is the principal mode of operation, which displays the Process Variable from which all other modes are accessed. The unit will always time-out back to this mode after one minute.

MENU mode provides access to the programmable parameters.

 $\ensuremath{\textbf{EDIT}}$ mode is entered from Menu Mode and allows the user to inspect and modify a parameter.

4.2 Key Definitions

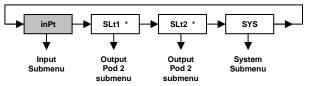
All programming is done using the three front panel keys, A, B and C are shown to assist the tutorial.

CYCLE (A), SHIFT (B) and INC (C) keys are pressed singularly. ESCAPE (A&B), ENTER (B&C) and CLEAR (A&C) are obtained by simultaneously pressing the two keys.



4.3 Entering Menu Mode (START PROGRAMMING)

The Root Menu mode is accessed from "Run" by pressing ENTER (B&C) followed by CYCLE (A). The display will now show "inPt". In order to understand what this means, the following diagram shows where we are within the basic Root menu.



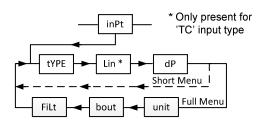
* Slot menus only appear when respective option pods are fitted.

4.3.1 Moving Around The Menu

You can browse through the Root menu by pressing **CYCLE (A)** which moves the menu position from left to right (after reaching SYS, the menu position wraps around to the start).

4.3.2 Entering A Submenu

To enter a submenu, first cycle around the Root menu until the required submenu is displayed. For the purposes of this tutorial press the **CYCLE (A)** key until "InPt" is displayed. Pressing **SHIFT (B)** enters the Input Submenu. "tYPe" will now be displayed. The diagram shows our position in relation to other items in the menu. Pressing **CYCLE (A)** moves left to right, wrapping around at the end. The unit alters items in the menu list depending upon settings made.



4.3.3 Editing A Parameter

The items displayed in the menu can either be submenus, parameters or numbers, most of the items in the Inputs menu are parameters which can be edited.

Press the CYCLE (A) key until "tYPe" is displayed, then press SHIFT (B).

The current setting will now be shown flashing. This item is changed by pressing the INC (C) key.

The choice of options available is as follows:



Press the INC (C) key until "crnt" is displayed.

Note that whilst the display is flashing, the option on the display has not been saved to memory. To select an option, the **ENTER** key sequence is used. Press **ENTER** (**B&C**). The display will stop flashing momentarily before returning to Menu mode. The system automatically steps on to the next entry to speed the process of programming. This method of editing parameters is repeated throughout the menu structure.

4.3.4 Returning From Submenus

To return up from the inPt menu to the root menu wait for 1 minute or press the ESCAPE (A&B)

key. Pressing the ESCAPE key from our current position in the Inputs submenu takes us back to the Root menu. The menu position will automatically step to the next menu item, if no pods are fitted the unit will show SYS, if pods are fitted SLt1 or SLt2 will be shown.

The Root menu, as its name suggests is not a submenu. Pressing the **ESCAPE (A&B)** key sequence whilst in the Root menu will take the user out of Menu mode and into Run mode. Thus the process variable will be shown on the display. Refer to section 5.2 if an error code is shown after programming in menu mode.

4.4 The Menus

4.4.1 The INPt (INPUT) Submenu

The INPt submenu is used to program all the characteristics of the input sensor and any signal conditioning that may be required. The selection of an option in the list may affect items further down. Therefore, during programming, the user should start at the top of the menu and work down, to avoid setting an option which may later become obsolete. Short menu only items shown in bold.

TITLE	<u>OPTIONS</u>
tYPE	rtd, tc
dP	888.8, 88.88, 8888
Lin	cA, J, t, r, S, E, F, n, cuSt
Lin	Euro, din, JiSc, cuSt
unit	dEg c, dEg F
bout	Hi, Lo
FiLt	AdPt, nonE, 2 sec, 10 sec

DETAIL Defines sensor type connected Defines decimal point location Shown only with TC sensor Shown only with RTD sensor Defines engineering range Defines high or low scale burnout Input filtering or smoothing

4.4.2 The SyS (System) Submenu

<u>TITLE</u>	OPTIONS	DETAIL
LiSt	FuLL, SHrt	Selects full or short menu
cLEn	oFF, on	Clear enable (option pods)
SPEn	oFF, on	Setpoint enable (option pods)
PASS	4 digit passcode	Modify any password code
oFFS	User defined offset	Take care when replacing sensor

Refer to section 7.0 for SLt menu structures.

5.0 OPERATION

5.1 Run Mode Operation

The normal display shown in this mode is the process variable.

KEYPRESS	ACTION	
CYCLE (A)	View setpoints (Adjust v	alue if SPEn enabled)
CLEAR (A&C)	Clear latched alarms	(cLEn enabled)

5.2 Failure Modes

If the instrument detects an input, configuration or system error the effect upon the display and any output options fitted will be determined by the burnout setting in the input menu. These are summarised below.

Burnout	Display	Alarms	Retran
Upscale		All on	22 mA
Downscale		All off	0 mA

6.0 SPECIFICATION @ 20 °C

6.1.1 RTD (Pt-100) Sensor Range Linearisation	Standard	Euro BS EN DIN BS 190	0) ºC, (18 to 390) Ω l 60751 (IEC 751) 4 (DIN43760)
Measurement Accuracy ¹ Thermal Drift Zero	Custom	USA JISC 10 CUSTOM 0.1 °C ±0.05 0.008 °C/°C	[X] ²
Excitation Current	Span	100 ppm / °0 (300 to 550)	
Maximum Lead Resistance Lead Resistance Effect	e	50 Ω per leg 0.002 °C / ol	(balanced)
6.1.2 Thermocouple Inpu	uts		
Sensor Ranges	Thermocoup Type TC Type K (TC Type J (TC Type T (TC Type R (TC Type R (TC Type E (TC Type L (TC Type N (cA) J) t) S) E) F)	Measuring Range °C ³ -200 to 1370 -200 to 1200 -210 to 400 -10 to 1760 -100 to 1760 -200 to 1000 -100 to 600 -180 to 1300

	IC Type N (II)	-100 10 1300
	CUSTOM (c	ust)	-999 to 9999
Linearisation	Standard	BS EN 60584	4-1 (IEC 584-1)
	Custom	CUST	
Measurement Accuracy ¹		±0.04 % FRI	±0.04 % Rdg or 0.5 °C
	(Whichever i	s greater)	-
		FRI = Full Ra	ange Input
Thermal Drift	Zero	0.1 µV/ ⁰C	
	Span	100 ppm/ ºC	
Cold Junction Error		±0.5 °C	
Cold Junction Tracking		0.05 °C / °C	
Cold Junction Range		(-30 to +60) of	C

Notes.

Measurement Accuracy includes the effect of calibration, linearisation and repeatability.

- 2. Customer linearisation requirements are available preprogrammed at the factory,
- contact your supplier for details.
- 3 Consult thermocouple reference standards for thermocouple material limitation.

6.2 General Specification @ 20 °C

Input/Output Isolation	500 VAC rms (galvanically isolated)
Update time	250 mS maximum
Time Constant (Filter off)	<1 second (to 63% of final value)
Filter Factor	Off, 2 seconds, 10 seconds
Warm-up time	or Adaptive
Display Range	2 minutes to full accuracy
Power Supply	-999 to 9999
S1	90-230 VAC 50/60 Hz
S2	20-35 VDC
Power Consumption	8 VA Maximum (options fitted)
Environmental Sealing to PANEL Ambient Operating Range	IP65 (-30 to +60) ⁰C
Ambient Storage Temperature	(-50 to +85) ⁰C
Ambient Humidity Range	(10 to 90) % RH non condensing
APPROVALS	Emissions BS EN50081-1
EMC	Susceptibility BS EN50082-2
ELECTRICAL SAFETY	BS EN61010-1

Environmental Approvals for Tension Clamp Terminals

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Low Temperature	IEC 68-2-1
Dry Heat	IEC 512-6-9
Damp Heat	IEC 512 -6-3
Damp Heat cyclical	IEC 68-2-30
Salt Spray	IEC 512-6-6
Sulphur Dioxide	IEC 68-2-46
Hydrogen Sulphide	IEC 68-2-16
Gas Tightness	IEC 512-Pr.11
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7.0 OPTION PODS

7.0.1 Installing Pods Power <u>must</u> be removed from unit before adding/removing a pod.

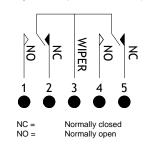
Slot 1 (alarm 1 and 2) should be positioned on the left side of the unit looking from the front to correspond to front panel alarm indicator, slot 2 (alarm 3 and 4) is positioned on the right.

To install an option pod, slide back the cover to its next engaging position and push the pod connection within the mating connector.

To remove an option pod, disengage the supporting latch situated beneath the pod by pushing the back cover forward, the pod can then be lifted away from the instrument connector.

7.1 Dual Relay Pod. POD-3000/02

The relay pod has two "change over" relays with a common wiper.



7.1.1 SLT1, SLT2 (Relay Pod) Submenu

Each relay can be set as high or low alarm independently.

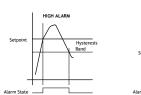
TITLE	OPTIONS
AL 1/2	Hi, Lo
SEt1/2	User defined
HYS1/2	User defined
_At1/2	oFF, on
nU1/2	oFF, on

DETAIL Alarm action PV at which the alarm triggers Hysterisis band (see below) Sets latching to on or off Invert relay operation

Continues through for Relays 2 - 4 (when fitted).

Short Menu shown in Bold

Hysteresis Operation



7.1.2 Relay Specification

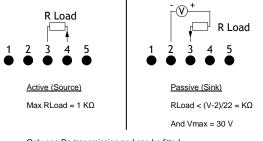
Maximum Load Maximum Power Maximum Switching Electrical Life Mechanical Life

DC 5 A @ 250 V 5 A @ 30 V 1750 VA 210 W 250 V 12 $10^5 \text{ operations at rated load}$ 125 V 50 Million operations

7.2 Isolated (4 to 20) mA Re-transmission Pod. POD-3000/03

The re-transmission pod (when fitted) is designed to provide (0 to 10) mA, (0 to 20) mA or (4 to 20) mA output in active or passive modes. The output can be any portion of the display. The pod can be used in two modes:

AC



Note: Only one Re-transmission pod can be fitted. 7.2.1 SLT1, SLT2 (Re-transmission Pod) Submenu

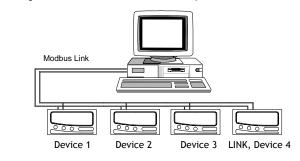
TITLE	<u>OPTIONS</u>	DETAIL
rt lo	User defined	Low span range
rt Hi	User defined	High span range
SPAn	(4 to 20), (0 to 20) or (0 to 10) mA	User defined output current

7.2.2 Re-Transmission Pod Specification

Mi

> 0 mA
< 23 mA
0.07 % or 5 µA, which ever is greater
30 V (passive mode)
0.2 µA / V
<3 µA
500 V AC
1 µA / ⁰C

7.3 Modbus Serial Communications Pod. POD-3000/05 The diagram below shows a PC connected to Modbus pods.



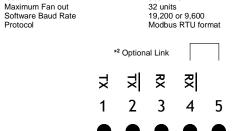
7.3.1 SLT1, SLT2 (Communications) Submenu

<u>TITLE</u> Addr	<u>OPTIONS</u> User defined
baud	9.6, 19.2
Line	2, 4

DETAIL Instrument device number User selected baud rate 4 Wire or 2 wire half duplex RS 485

7.3.2 Comms Pod Specification Configuration, system I/O and display unit PC communication.

Physical Layer	4 wire or 2 wire half duplex RS485
Isolation	500 V AC
Maximum Fan out	32 units



*² Connection of the link connects a 100 ohm termination resistor across pins 4 and 5. This resistor should only be selected for the instrument furthest away from the host. Full details of the modbus protocol are supplied separately with the pod.

8.0 MECHANICAL DETAIL

Material	ABS/PC
Weight	200 g
Flammability	IEC707 FV0
Pod weight	40 g typical
Panel cutout	92 mm x 45 mm

All dimensions in mm

